

Certificate of Analysis

Heparinase II



Batch number	24
Date of manufacture	March 2019
Stability	Heparinase II stable for up to 24 months from the date of delivery when stored at -20°C or below in a solution of 0.1M Sodium Acetate pH 7.0 containing 1mM Calcium Acetate and 0.1% BSA.
Storage and retest information	Store at -20°C or below
Nature and origin of starting material	<i>Flavobacterium heparinum</i> ATCC 13125
Manufacturing process and references	Growth of bacterium: McLean, M.W. et al. (1984) Eur. J. Biochem. 145, 607-615. Purification by further chromatography. Final product 0.22-um sterile filtered and stored at -60 deg.C.
Impurities	Other enzymes nominally 0.1% max. Baseline resolution from the other heparinases.
CAS number	149371-12-0
Appearance/form	Supplied as frozen solution containing 0.2% BSA, 0.22um sterile filtered
Specificity	Depolymerises heparin and heparan sulphate by elimination at the uronic acid. Very broad specificity, a small but significant number of totally resistant sites in both heparin and heparan sulphate.
Unit of activity	International units (IU). One international unit is defined as the amount of enzyme that will liberate 1.0 µmole of product per minute from a heparin substrate at 30° C" (Product is unsaturated saccharides). Enzyme activity determined using assay below.
Assay	Against commercial porcine heparin in the presence of calcium. Activity determined by absorbance at 232nm. The unit definition heparinase II is the activity that releases 1 micromole of delta (4, 5) hexuronate per minute at 30° C using an extinction coefficient of 5400 per cm per M at 232nm for the unsaturated (4, 5) hexuronate product.
Assay Conditions:	Enzyme buffer: 50mM sodium acetate pH 7.0 with 1mM calcium acetate
Substrate: 600ug/ml of heparin equivalent to 1umole of disaccharide	
Enzyme concentration: 10milliunits/ml	Temperature 30C
Approved by	
Prof. J. Gallagher Iduron CEO	